THE CRYPTOCURRENCY BILL, 2021: FROM PROHIBITION TO REGULATION

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Background

- In March 2020, in a landmark decision, the Supreme Court <u>lifted the ban on</u> <u>cryptocurrencies in India</u>.
- Following the Supreme Court ruling, the Indian government brought out the Cryptocurrency and Regulation of Official Digital Currency Bill, 2021.
- This bill is being reworked, and the reworked bill (the "New Bill") is expected to recognize <u>cryptocurrencies as an asset class</u> ("Crypto-assets") <u>regulated by the Securities Exchange Board of India</u> ("SEBI").
- Crypto-assets will <u>not be accepted as legal tender</u> in India under the New Bill.
- Crypto-assets can be traded on existing crypto exchange platforms regulated by SEBI, but <u>any trading violations will attract strict penalties and</u> <u>punishment</u>.
- Crypto-asset holders will be prescribed a cut-off period to bring their assets under authorized crypto exchange platforms.

Advantages

- Recognizing crypto-assets under a regulatory framework will be highly beneficial for crypto-asset investors and the crypto industry in India in general.
- Unauthorized trading of private crypto-assets in India will be significantly reduced.
- Laws under the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002, will be applicable to deter terror financing activities.
- Crypto-assets will aid in the implementation of the Reserve Bank of India's proposed Central Bank Digital Currency as legal tender in India.



Drawbacks

- Crypto exchanges, cryptocurrency trading and the application of the blockchain technology will be deprived of their most essential feature that is decentralization or decentralized finance ("DeFi").
- Trading of cryptocurrencies as <u>crypto-assets will be limited to Indian</u> <u>exchanges</u>.
- Cryptocurrency holders will not be allowed to maintain private crypto wallets.
- No regulatory framework for crypto or digital assets that are not mutually interchangeable like non-fungible tokens or NFTs.



Views

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- > An outright ban on crypto-assets would have proliferated illegal trading.
- But, recognizing crypto-assets as currency given the complexities of regulating the underlying distributed ledger technology ("DLT") could have weakened India's economy and financial systems.
- Hence, the middle-path proposed under the New Bill to identify and regulate crypto-assets is conducive for the time being.
- Indian investors routinely make cross-border crypto investments on foreign exchanges.
 - Changes are being proposed to Indian foreign exchange regulations to better regulate such investments.
 - Banks will have to ensure compliance with foreign exchange regulations applicable to outbound remittances.
- The Income Tax Act, 1961, should be amended to provide for taxation of income from the sale of crypto-assets as capital gains (similar to share sale transactions).

Views

- The DeFi ecosystem has been the driving force for the growth of cryptoassets; hence, <u>centralization of a decentralized network will nip DLT in the</u> <u>bud</u>.
- Authorized Indian crypto exchanges will have to develop robust customer due diligence mechanisms and governing standards for Know You Customer (KYC) to combat terror financing and money-laundering.
- Once the New Bill is approved, the Indian government and regulators will be expected to establish frameworks:
 - to regulate the practices of mining, staking, or yield farming of cryptoassets; and
 - to address the risks associated with mining, trading, or staking cryptoassets, such as impermanent loss, server risk, volatility risk, liquidation risk, etc.



Thank You

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